

CLAIMS

1. A three dimensional periodic structure, comprising:
two substances having different dielectric constants periodically
distributed in a three dimensional space, and
a conductive film having a surface resistivity of about $0.3 \Omega/\text{square}$ or
5 more at an interface between the two substances.
2. A three dimensional periodic structure according to claim 1, wherein
independent conductive particles or clusters of a plurality of conductive particles are
coarsely distributed in the conductive film.
3. A three dimensional periodic structure according to claim 1 or 2,
wherein the conductive film comprises a conductive material having a conductivity
of about 10^3 S/cm or more.
4. A three dimensional periodic structure according to claim 3, wherein
the conductive film is an electroless plating film on a surface of at least one of the
two substances.
5. A three dimensional periodic structure according to claim 1 or 2,
wherein the conductive film is an electroless plating film on a surface of at least one
of the two substances.
6. A three dimensional periodic structure according to claim 1 or 2,
wherein the conductive film comprises Cu, Ni or InSb.
7. A three dimensional periodic structure according to claim 1 or 2,
wherein one of the two substances is air and is disposed so as to have a diamond
shape.
8. A method of producing a three dimensional periodic structure
comprising irradiating light onto a light-hardening resin layer in cross-sectional
pattern to form a layer of three dimensional periodic structure according to claim 1,

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and then, at least once, causing a layer of light-hardening resin to contact the
5 resulting irradiated structure and repeating the irradiation.